

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. \quad a_4 &= 4.5 \\
 a_5 &= 5.6 \\
 b_4 &= \frac{3}{5} \\
 b_5 &= \frac{3}{6} \\
 \Rightarrow a_4.b_5 + a_5.b_4 &= 4.5 \cdot \frac{3}{6} + 5 \cdot \frac{3}{5} \\
 &= \frac{20}{2} + 18 \\
 &= 10 + 18 \\
 &= 28
 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: E

$$\begin{aligned}
 2. \quad n=1 &\rightarrow a_4 = \frac{1}{2} + a_2 \\
 n=2 &\rightarrow a_8 = \frac{2}{2} + a_4 \\
 n=3 &\rightarrow a_{12} = \frac{3}{2} + a_6 \\
 n=4 &\rightarrow a_{16} = \frac{4}{2} + a_8 \\
 n=5 &\rightarrow a_{20} = \frac{5}{2} + a_{10} \\
 n=6 &\rightarrow + a_{24} = \frac{6}{2} + a_{12} \\
 \hline
 a_{16} + a_{20} + a_{24} &= \frac{21}{2} + a_2 + a_6 + a_{10} \\
 a_{16} + a_{20} + a_{24} &= \frac{21}{2} + \frac{13}{2} = 17 \text{ olur.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: B

$$\begin{aligned}
 3. \quad n=1 &\rightarrow a_2 = 1! + a_1 \\
 n=2 &\rightarrow a_3 = 2! + a_2 \\
 n=3 &\rightarrow a_4 = 3! + a_3 \\
 n=4 &\rightarrow + a_5 = 4! + a_4 \\
 \hline
 a_5 &= 1 + 2 + 6 + 24 + a_1 \\
 70 &= 33 + a_1 \\
 a_1 &= 37 \text{ olur.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: B

$$\begin{aligned}
 4. \quad n=1 &\rightarrow a_2 = a_1 - 1 \\
 n=2 &\rightarrow a_3 = a_2 + 1 \\
 n=3 &\rightarrow a_4 = a_3 - 1 \\
 n=4 &\rightarrow a_5 = a_4 + 1 \\
 n=5 &\rightarrow + a_6 = a_5 - 1 \\
 \hline
 a_6 &= a_1 - 1 \\
 17 &= a_1 - 1 \\
 a_1 &= 18 \text{ olur.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: B

$$\begin{aligned}
 5. \quad n=15 &\rightarrow a_{16} = \frac{15-15}{15+1} \cdot a_{15} \rightarrow a_{16} = 0 \\
 n=16 &\rightarrow a_{17} = \frac{15-16}{16+1} \cdot a_{16} \rightarrow a_{17} = 0 \\
 n=17 &\rightarrow a_{18} = \frac{15-17}{17+1} \cdot a_{17} \rightarrow a_{18} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: A

$$\begin{aligned}
 6. \quad n=1 &\rightarrow a_1 - a_4 = 2 \\
 n=4 &\rightarrow + a_4 - a_7 = 5 \\
 \hline
 a_1 - a_7 &= 7 \\
 3 - a_7 &= 7 \\
 a_7 &= -4 \text{ olur.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: D

$$\begin{aligned}
 7. \quad n=2 &\rightarrow a_2 = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3^2} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{4}{9} \\
 n \rightarrow 3 &\rightarrow a_3 = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{3^3} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{27} = \frac{13}{27} \\
 \text{O halde } a_2 + a_3 &= \frac{4}{9} + \frac{13}{27} = \frac{25}{27} \text{ olur.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: D

8.  $n = 4$  için  $a_4 = a_3 + a_1$   
 $n = 5$  için  $a_5 = a_4 + a_2$   
 $n = 6$  için  $a_6 = a_5 + a_3$   
 $n = 7$  için  $a_7 = a_6 + a_4$   
 $n = 8$  için  $a_8 = a_7 + a_5$

$$a_8 = a_3 + a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5$$

$$a_8 = a_1 + a_3 + a_5 + a_6$$

$$a_8 = a_1 + 2a_6$$

$$a_8 = 2 + 2 \cdot 20$$

$$a_8 = 42 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: B

10.  $a_{n+3} = \frac{(n+3)!}{2^{n+3}}$  ve  $a_{n+2} = \frac{(n+2)!}{2^{n+2}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{a_{n+3}}{a_{n+2}} &= \frac{\frac{(n+3)!}{2^{n+3}}}{\frac{(n+2)!}{2^{n+2}}} = \frac{(n+3)!}{2^{n+3}} \cdot \frac{2^{n+2}}{(n+2)!} \\ &= \frac{(n+3) \cdot (n+2)! \cdot 2^{n+2}}{2^{n+3} \cdot (n+2)!} \\ &= \frac{n+3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: D

Tasarı Eğitim Yayınları

9.  $n = 2 \rightarrow a_2 = 3 \cdot a_1$   
 $n = 3 \rightarrow a_3 = 4 \cdot a_2$   
 $n = 4 \rightarrow a_4 = 5 \cdot a_3$   
 $\vdots$   
 $n = 17 \rightarrow a_{17} = 18 \cdot a_{16}$

$$a_{17} = 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot \dots \cdot 18 \cdot a_1$$

$$a_{17} = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot \dots \cdot 18$$

$$a_{17} = 18! \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: C

11.  $15 \equiv 0 \pmod{3} \Rightarrow a_{15} = \frac{15}{3} = 5$

$$16 \equiv 1 \pmod{3} \Rightarrow a_{16} = 16 - 1 = 15$$

$$17 \equiv 2 \pmod{3} \Rightarrow a_{17} = 2 \cdot 17 = 34$$

$$\Rightarrow a_{15} + a_{16} + a_{17} = 5 + 15 + 34 = 54 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: A