

$$1. \quad f(x+3) = 3x - 1$$

$$x = 2 \Rightarrow f(2+3) = 3 \cdot 2 - 1$$

$$f(5) = 5$$

Cevap: C

$$2. \quad x^5 \cdot f(x) = \frac{x+7}{x-2}$$

$$x = -1 \quad (-1)^5 \cdot f(-1) = \frac{-1+7}{-1-2}$$

$$-f(-1) = \frac{6}{-3} \Rightarrow -f(-1) = -2$$

$$f(-1) = +2$$

Cevap: E

$$3. \quad f(x) = |x-4| \cdot x \cdot |x+1|$$

$$x = 3 \Rightarrow f(3) = |-1| + |4| = 5$$

$$x = 1 \Rightarrow f(1) = |-3| + |2| = 5$$

$$x = 0 \Rightarrow f(0) = |-4| + |1| = 5$$

$$x = -2 \Rightarrow f(-2) = |-6| + |1| = 7$$

22 olur.

Cevap: C

$$4. \quad f(x-2) = f(x+1) + 5$$

$$x = 6 \Rightarrow f(6-2) = f(6+1) + 5$$

$$f(4) = f(7) + 5$$

$$-5 = f(7) + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow f(7) = -10$$

Cevap: A

$$5. \quad f(3x-1) = \frac{x+5}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x-1 = a+1$$

$$3x = a+2$$

$$x = \frac{a+2}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{a+2}{3} \text{ için } f\left(3 \cdot \left(\frac{a+2}{3}\right) - 1\right) = \frac{\frac{a+2}{3} + 5}{3} = 3$$

$$f(a+1) = \frac{a+17}{9} = 3$$

$$a+17 = 27$$

$$a = 10$$

Cevap: A

$$6. \quad f(\odot - 2) = x^2 + x + 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \odot - 2 = x + 1$$

$$\odot = x + 3$$

$$\odot = x + 3 \text{ için } f(x+3-2) = (x+3)^2 + x + 3 + 3$$

$$f(x+1) = x^2 + 6x + 9 + x + 6$$

$$f(x+1) = x^2 + 7x + 15$$

Cevap: E

$$7. \quad h(x+1) = \frac{2x-1}{k+1}$$

$$x = 3 \text{ için } h(4) = \frac{6-1}{k+1} = -2$$

$$5 = -2k - 2$$

$$7 = -2k$$

$$k = -\frac{7}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow h(x+1) = \frac{2x-1}{-\frac{7}{2}+1}$$

$$x = 2 \Rightarrow h(3) = \frac{3}{-\frac{7}{2}+1} = 3 \cdot -\frac{2}{5} = -\frac{6}{5}$$

Cevap: A

$$8. f\left(\frac{x+1}{3}\right) = mx^2 - x + 30$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x+1}{3} = 2 \Rightarrow x = 5$$

$$x = 5 \text{ için } f\left(\frac{5+1}{3}\right) = 25m - 5 + 30$$

$$25m + 25 = 0$$

$$25m = -25$$

$$m = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow f(2 - m) = f(2 + 1) = f(3) = ?$$

$$\Rightarrow f\left(\frac{x+1}{3}\right) = -x^2 - x + 30$$

$$x = 8 \text{ için } f\left(\frac{8+1}{3}\right) = -8^2 - 8 + 30$$

$$= -64 - 8 + 30$$

$$= -42$$

Cevap: A

$$9. f(x) = \frac{xf(x) - 4}{2x}$$

$$x = 2 \text{ için } f(2) = \frac{2f(2) - 4}{4}$$

$$4f(2) = 2f(2) - 4$$

$$2f(2) = -4$$

$$f(2) = -2$$

Cevap: C

$$10. x = 3 \geq 2 \Rightarrow f(3) = a \cdot 3 + 2$$

$$x = f < 2 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} + \\ f(1) = 1 + a \end{array}$$

$$f(3) + f(1) = 3a + 2 + a + 1 = -9$$

$$4a = -12$$

$$a = -3$$

Cevap: A

$$11. f\left(\frac{3x}{4} + 1\right) = 2x - 3a + 9$$

$$f(x) : \text{ elde edelim. } \frac{3t}{4} + 1 = x$$

$$\frac{3t}{4} = x - 1 \quad 3t = 4x - 4$$

$$t = \frac{4x - 4}{3}$$

x yerine $\frac{4x-4}{3}$ yazılırsa f(x) bulunur.

$$f(x) = 2 \cdot \frac{(4x-4)}{3} - 3a + 9$$

$$x = a \text{ için } f(a) = \frac{2(ax-4)}{3} - 3a + 9$$

$$f(a) = 13 - a \text{ verildiğinden;}$$

$$\frac{8a-8}{3} - 3a + 9 = 13 - a$$

$$a = 10$$

Cevap: B

$$12. f(x+1) + 2x - 1 = x \cdot f(4) - x$$

$$x = 3 \text{ için } f(4) + 5 = 3 \cdot f(4) - 3$$

$$8 = 2f(4)$$

$$f(4) = 4$$

Cevap: B

13. $f(3x) = g(x-1)$

$$\frac{(3x-3) \cdot (3x+3)}{\frac{6}{3}} = \frac{(x-1) \cdot (x)}{2}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{3}(x-1)(3x+3)}{\cancel{3}} = \cancel{(x-1)} \cdot x \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x-1=0 \\ x=1 \end{cases}$$

$$3x+3=x$$

$$2x=-3$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow \text{ÇK} = \left\{ -\frac{3}{2}, 1 \right\}$$

$$\text{Toplamları } -\frac{3}{2} + 1 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Cevap: C

14. $f(x) = ax + b \Rightarrow$

$$f(1) = a + b = -4$$

$$f(3) = 3a + b = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 3a + b = 10 \\ + \quad - / \quad a + b = -4 \\ \hline 2a = 14 \\ a = 7 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 7 + b = -4 \\ \rightarrow b = -11 \end{array}$$

$$2a = 14$$

$$a = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = ax + b$$

$$f(x) = 7x - 11 \Rightarrow f(7) = 7 \cdot 7 - 11 = 38 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: A

$$1. \quad 3 > 2 \Rightarrow f(3) = 3 \cdot 3 + 1 = 10$$

$$-3 \leq 2 \Rightarrow f(-3) = 5 - (-3) = \frac{+8}{18}$$

Cevap: E

$$2. \quad 2 \neq \frac{1}{5} \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = 5 \cdot \frac{1}{5} + 1 = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow f\left(f\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)\right) = f(2) = 3 \text{ olur.}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$x = 2$$

Cevap: D

$$3. \quad f(x) = 3^{x+1}$$

$$f(x) - f(x-1) = 3^{x+1} - 3^{x-1+1}$$

$$= 3^{x+1} - 3^x$$

$$= 3^x \cdot (3 - 1)$$

$$= 3^x \cdot 2$$

$$= \frac{f(x)}{3} \cdot 2$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} f(x) = 3^x \cdot 3 \\ \frac{f(x)}{3} = 3^x \end{array} \right)$$

Cevap: C

$$4. \quad x = 1 \Rightarrow f(2) = f(1) + 5$$

$$x = 2 \Rightarrow f(3) = f(2) + 6$$

$$x = 3 \Rightarrow f(4) = f(3) + 7$$

$$\vdots$$

$$x = 14 \Rightarrow f(15) = f(14) + 18$$

$$f(15) = f(1) + 5 + 6 + 7 + \dots + 18$$

$$f(15) = f(1) + 161$$

$$f(15) = 2 + 161 = 163 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: D

$$5. \quad f(a-3) = f(a) - 2 \quad f(a-5) = f(a) - 9 \text{ ve } f(2) = 8$$

$$i) \quad a = 5 \text{ için} \quad f(2) = f(5) - 2$$

$$\frac{f(2)}{8} = \frac{f(5) - 2}{8}$$

$$f(5) = 10$$

$$a = 7 \text{ için} \quad f(4) = f(7) - 2$$

$$f(4) = 17 - 2$$

$$f(4) = 15$$

$$a = 4 \text{ için} \quad f(1) = f(4) - 2$$

$$f(1) = 15 - 2$$

$$f(1) = 13$$

$$ii) \quad a = 7 \text{ için} \quad \frac{f(2)}{8} = \frac{f(7) - 9}{8}$$

$$= f(7) - 9$$

$$f(7) = 17$$

$$a = 6 \text{ için} \quad f(1) = f(6) - 9$$

$$13 = f(6) - 9$$

$$f(6) = 22 \text{ bulunur.}$$

Cevap: A

$$6. \quad f(1) = 1^2 + 1 = 2$$

$$g(2) = g(1) + f(2)$$

$$= 2 + 5$$

$$= 7$$

$$f(7) = 7^2 + 1$$

$$= 50$$

Cevap: C

$$7. \quad (f + g)(m) = (g - f)(m - 1)$$

$$f(m) + g(m) = g(m - 1) - f(m - 1)$$

$$m + 1 + 2m + 3 = 2(m - 1) + 3 - (m - 1 + 1)$$

$$3m + 4 = 2m - 2 + 3 - m$$

$$3m + 4 = m + 1$$

$$2m = -3$$

$$m = -\frac{3}{2} \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: B

8. • $g(16) = \sqrt{16} + 3 = 7$

• $(f \circ g)(16) = 48$

$f(g(16)) = 48$

$f(7) = 48$

$\Rightarrow f(7) = k \cdot 7^2 - 50 = 48$

$49k = 98$

$k = 2$

O halde $f(x) = 2x^2 - 50$ olur.

$f(5) = 2 \cdot 5^2 - 50 = 0$ olur.

Cevap: C

9. • $f^{-1}(1) = m \Rightarrow f(m) = 1$ olur.

• $f(x+3) = 2x-1 \Rightarrow f(m) = 2m-6-1=1$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \quad 2m-7=1$

$m-3 \quad m-3 \quad 2m=8$

$m=4$

Cevap: B

10. $(f \circ g)(2) = f(7) = 2 \cdot 7 - 1 = 13$

\downarrow
 $g(2) = 3 \cdot 2 + 1 = 7$

$(g \circ f)(2) = g(3) = 3 \cdot 3 + 1 = 10$

\downarrow
 $f(2) = 2 \cdot 2 - 1 = 3$

$\Rightarrow (f \circ g)(2) + (g \circ f)(2) = 13 + 10 = 23$

Cevap: C

11. $(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)) = 3g(x) + 1$

$\Rightarrow 3g(x) + 1 = 2x - 1$

$3g(x) = 2x - 2$

$g(x) = \frac{2x-2}{3}$

Cevap: A

12. $a = 1 \Rightarrow f(3) = 1 \cdot f(2) = 4$

$a = 2 \Rightarrow f(4) = 2 \cdot f(3) = 2 \cdot 4 = 8$

$\Rightarrow (f \circ f)(3) = f(4) = 8$

Cevap: C

13. $x = \frac{15}{2} < 8 \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{15}{2}\right) = 2 \cdot \frac{15}{2} - 5 = 10$

$x = 10 \geq 8 \Rightarrow f(10) = 10^2 + 1 = 101$ olur.

Cevap: D

14. • $(f \circ g)(2) = 11 \cdot g(2)$

$f(2) \cdot g(2) = 11 \cdot g(2)$

$f(2) = 11$

• $(g \circ f)(3) = 7f(3)$

$g(3) \cdot f(3) = 7f(3)$

$g(3) = 7$

$\Rightarrow g(3) = 3 + a = 7$

$a = 4$

$\Rightarrow f(2) = 2a + b = 11$

$2 \cdot 4 + b = 11$

$b = 3$

$\Rightarrow a \cdot b = 4 \cdot 3 = 12$ olur.

Cevap: E

1. Sıfır fonksiyonu $f(x) = 0$ şeklinde olmalı.

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = \underbrace{(m-n+4)}_0 x + \underbrace{m-3}_0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad m-n+4 &= 0 & \bullet \quad m-3 &= 0 \\ 3-n+4 &= 0 & m &= 3 \\ n &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: D

2. $c \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow f(x) = c$ fonksiyonu sabit fonksiyondur.

$f(x) = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$ fonksiyonu $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{d}$ için sabit fonksiyondur.

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \frac{9x+12}{3x+a} + (b+2)x \\ &\quad \downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \\ \frac{9}{3} &= \frac{12}{a} & b+2 &= 0 \\ 9a &= 36 & b &= -2 \\ a &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow a+b = 4 + (-2) = 2 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: C

3. $f(\star) = \star \Rightarrow f$ birim fonksiyondur.

$$\begin{aligned} f(3x+1) + f(x) - f(x-5) &= 21 \\ 3x+1 + x - (x-5) &= 21 \\ 4x+1 - x + 5 &= 21 \\ 3x+6 &= 21 \\ 3x &= 15 \\ x &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: D

4. $f(x) = \frac{3x+1}{x-2}$

$$x = m \Rightarrow f(m) = \frac{3m+1}{m-2} = 10$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3m+1 &= 10m-20 \\ 21 &= 7m \\ m &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: B

5. $f(x) = ax + b \Rightarrow f(x)$ doğrusal fonksiyondur.

$$f(2x) = 2ax + b$$

$$f(3x) = 3ax + b$$

$$f(2x) + f(3x) = 5ax + 2b = 15x - 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad 5a &= 15 & \bullet \quad 2b &= -2 \\ a &= 3 & b &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = 3x - 1 \text{ olur.}$$

$$\text{O halde } f(3) = 3 \cdot 3 - 1 = 8 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: C

6. $n = 47 > 6 \Rightarrow f(47-5) = f(42) = f(47) \xrightarrow{-5}$
 $n = 42 > 6 \Rightarrow f(42-5) = f(37) = f(42) \xrightarrow{-5}$
 \vdots
 $\vdots \xrightarrow{-5}$
 $= f(2)$

$$\Rightarrow f(47) = f(2) = 2 - 4 = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow f(24) = f(4) = 4 - 4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f(32) = f(2) = 2 - 4 = -2$$

$$\text{O halde toplamları } -4 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: A

1. $f: \mathbb{R} - \{2\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

↓
fonksiyonu
tanımsız
yapan değer

↓
Ters fonksiyonu
tanımsız
yapan değer

$$\bullet f(x) = \frac{ax+2}{x-c} \rightarrow 2-c=0$$

$$c=2$$

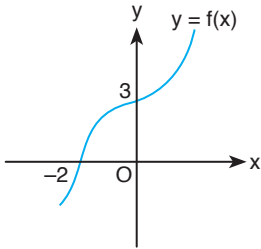
$$\bullet f^{-1}(x) = \frac{cx+2}{x-a} \rightarrow 1-a=0$$

$$a=1$$

$$\Rightarrow a+c=1+2=3 \text{ olur.}$$

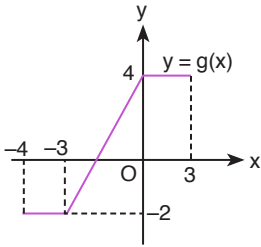
Cevap: D

2.



$$\Rightarrow f(0) = 3$$

$$f(-2) = 0$$



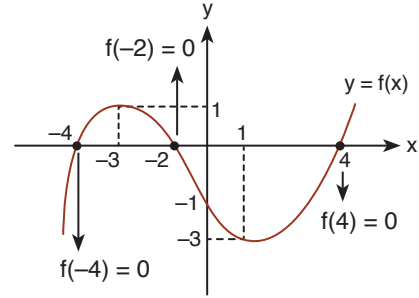
$$g(-4) = -2$$

$$g(3) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow (g \circ f)(0) + (f \circ g)(-4) = 4 + 0 = 4$$

Cevap: C

3.



$$f(2a+1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2a+1 = -4 \rightarrow a = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$2a+1 = -2 \rightarrow a = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$2a+1 = 4 \rightarrow a = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{5}{2} - \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2} = -\frac{5}{2} \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: B

4. $f(x) = (x+1)^3 + 3$

$$y = (x+1)^3 + 3$$

$$y-3 = (x+1)^3$$

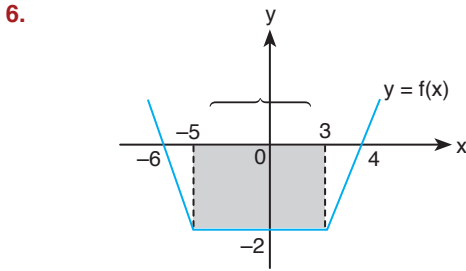
$$\sqrt[3]{y-3} = x+1$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{y-3} - 1 \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-3} - 1$$

Cevap: C

5. $xf(x) - 3x = f(x) + 4$
 $xf(x) - f(x) = 3x + 4$
 $f(x)(x - 1) = 3x + 4$
 $f(x) = \frac{3x + 4}{x - 1}$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x + 4}{x - 3}$

Cevap: C



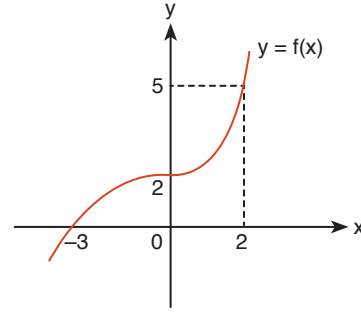
-5 ile 3 aralığındaki tüm değerler -2'ye götürür.
 $n \rightarrow -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$ değerlerini alabilir.
 $-5 - 4 - 3 - 2 - 1 + 0 + 1 + 2 + 3 = -9$

Cevap: A

7. $g(1) = 2 \cdot 1 - 1 = 1$
 $f(1) = 1 + 1 = 2$
 $g(2) = 2 \cdot 2 - 1 = 3$
 $f(3) = 3 + 1 = 4$
 $(f \circ g \circ f \circ g)(1) = 4$

Cevap: C

8.



$$f(2) = 5$$

$$f(0) = 2$$

$$f(-3) = 0$$

$$f\left(\frac{f\left(\frac{m}{2}\right)}{2}\right) = 5$$

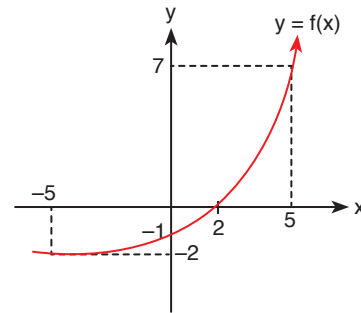
$$f\left(\frac{f\left(\frac{m}{2}\right)}{0}\right) = 2$$

$$f\left(\frac{m}{-3}\right) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{m}{2} = -3$$

$$m = -6$$

Cevap: B

9.



$$\Rightarrow f(2) = 0$$

$$f(5) = 7$$

$$f(-5) = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{f(2) + f(-5)}{f(2) + f(5)} = \frac{0 - 2}{0 + 7} = -\frac{2}{7}$$

Cevap: B

10. $f(xyz) = xyz + xy + x = 751$
 $= 100x + 10y + z + 10x + y + x = 751$
 $111x + 11y + z = 751$
 $\begin{matrix} 6 & 7 & 8 \end{matrix}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{z-y} = \frac{6}{8-7} = 6$ olur.

Cevap: E

11. $f(mn) = 18$
 $m \cdot n = 18$
2 9
3 6 \rightarrow 4 farklı mn sayısı yazılabilir.
6 3
9 2

Cevap: B