

1. İç içe iki bardak arası mesafe x cm olsun.
Bir bardağın boyu $\sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$ cm olduğundan,

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \text{ bardak kulesinin boyu} &\rightarrow 2\sqrt{3} + 2x = \sqrt{48} \\ 2\sqrt{3} + 2x &= 4\sqrt{3} \\ x &= \sqrt{3} \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \text{ bardak kulesinin boyu} &\rightarrow 2\sqrt{3} + 3x \\ &= 2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{3} \\ &= 5\sqrt{3} \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underbrace{5 \cdot 2\sqrt{3}} - \underbrace{5\sqrt{3}} = 5\sqrt{3} \text{ cm daha eklenmeli}$$

1. bardağın boyunun
5 katı

2. kuleinin
boyu

$$\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = 5 \text{ bardak eklenmelidir.}$$



İç içe iki bardak arası mesafe

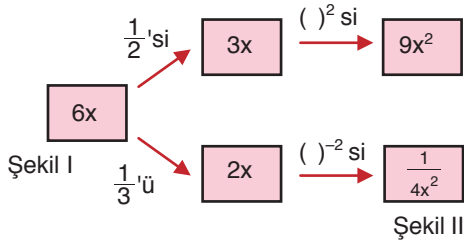
$$\begin{aligned} 3. \quad \frac{10 + x\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} &= \frac{10}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{x\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} && (10 = \sqrt{x} + x) \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{x} + x}{\sqrt{x}} + x \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} + x \\ &= 1 + \sqrt{x} + x \\ &= 1 + 10 \\ &= 11 \text{ olur.} \end{aligned}$$

Cevap: B

Cevap: A

Tasarı Eğitim Yayınları

2.



$$9x^2 = \frac{1}{4x^2}$$

$$x^4 = \frac{1}{36} \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$$

Şekil I'e $6x$ demiştik.

$$6x = 6 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} = \sqrt{6} \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: C

$$4. \quad \textcircled{a} = a + 4$$

$$\boxed{a} = a - 4 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\textcircled{a}^2 - \boxed{a}^2} = 8$$

$$\sqrt{(a+4)^2 - (a-4)^2} = 8$$

$$\sqrt{(a+4+a-4)(a+4-a+4)} = 8$$

$$\sqrt{2a \cdot 8} = 8$$

$$\sqrt{16a} = 8$$

$$4\sqrt{a} = 8$$

$$\sqrt{a} = 2$$

$$a = 4 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: D

$$5. \quad a - \frac{4}{\sqrt{a}} = 17$$

$$a - \frac{4}{\sqrt{a}} = 16 + 1$$

$$a - 16 = 1 + \frac{4}{\sqrt{a}}$$

$$(\sqrt{a} - 4)(\sqrt{a} + 4) = \frac{\sqrt{a} + 4}{\sqrt{a}}$$

$$\sqrt{a} - 4 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{a} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^2 = 4^2$$

$$a - 2 \cdot \sqrt{a} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{1}{a} = 16$$

$$a + \frac{1}{a} = 18$$

Cevap: D

$$6. \quad x - \frac{1}{x} = 4\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = (4\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$x^2 - 2 \cdot x \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} = 32$$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 34$$

$$\cdot \quad \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x} = \frac{x^2}{x} + \frac{x}{x} + \frac{1}{x} = x + \underbrace{\frac{1}{x}}_a + 1 = a + 1$$

$$\cdot \quad x + \frac{1}{x} = a \Rightarrow \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = a^2 \Rightarrow x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 2 = a^2$$

$$34 + 2 = a^2$$

$$a^2 = 36$$

$$a = -6$$

$$\Rightarrow a + 1 = -6 + 1 = -5 \text{ olur.}$$

Cevap: A

$$7. \quad \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{x}} + 3\sqrt{\sqrt{x}} = 6$$

$${}^6\sqrt{x} + {}^6\sqrt{x} = 6$$

$$2{}^6\sqrt{x} = 6$$

$${}^6\sqrt{x} = 3$$

$$x = 3^6$$

Cevap: D

$$8. \quad \frac{c}{d} = \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{5} + 1}{d} = \frac{\sqrt{5} - 1}{3 - \sqrt{5}}$$

$$(\sqrt{5} + 1)(3 - \sqrt{5}) = d \cdot (\sqrt{5} - 1)$$

$$3\sqrt{5} - 5 + 3 - \sqrt{5} = d(\sqrt{5} - 1)$$

$$2\sqrt{5} - 2 = d \cdot (\sqrt{5} - 1)$$

$$2(\sqrt{5} - 1) = d(\sqrt{5} - 1)$$

$$d = 2$$

Cevap: C

$$9. \quad \frac{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}) + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} = 4$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})(\sqrt{a} + 1)}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} = 4$$

$$\sqrt{a} + 1 = 4$$

$$\sqrt{a} = 3 \Rightarrow a = 9$$

Cevap: A

$$10. \quad x - \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{21} - \sqrt{7}x$$

$$x + \sqrt{7}x = \sqrt{21} + \sqrt{3}$$

$$x(\sqrt{7} + 1) = \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{7} + 1)$$

$$x = \sqrt{3}$$

Cevap: B

$$11. \frac{x - x\sqrt{x}}{(x-1)^2} \cdot \frac{x + x\sqrt{x}}{x^2} = 2$$

$$\frac{x^2 - x^3}{x^2 \cdot (x-1)^2} = 2 \Rightarrow \frac{x^2(1-x)}{x^2(x-1)^2} = 2$$

$$\frac{-1}{x-1} = 2$$

$$-1 = 2x - 2$$

$$1 = 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$$

Cevap: B

$$12. \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{y^2}{4} = \frac{x^2 - y^2}{4} = \frac{(2\sqrt{5} + 1)^2 - (2\sqrt{5} - 1)^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(2\sqrt{5} + 1 + 2\sqrt{5} - 1)(2\sqrt{5} + 1 - 2\sqrt{5} + 1)}{4}$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{5} \cdot 2}{4}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{5}$$

Cevap: B

$$13. (5 - 2\sqrt{x})(4 + \sqrt{x}) = 14 - 3\sqrt{x}$$

$$20 + 5\sqrt{x} - 8\sqrt{x} - 2x = 14 - 3\sqrt{x}$$

$$20 - 3\sqrt{x} - 2x = 14 - 3\sqrt{x}$$

$$6 = 2x$$

$$x = 3$$

Cevap: E